

bordered by a keel, and the central part closely irregularly reticulated. Parapsidal furrows distinct.

Euryphrymnus testaceiceps spec. nov.

Black, the head, antennal scape, prothorax, mesonotum with the scutellum and the greater part of the mesopleurae, red, the abdomen of a darker red colour, the base and sides of the back tinged with black; legs rufo-testaceous; wings hyaline, the anterior very slightly tinged with fuscous, the stigma yellowish testaceous, the nervures fuscous, the 2nd transverse cubital nervure pale, the 1st bullated at its junction with the recurrent; the basal abscissa of cubitus roundly curved. The 2 areae on the metanotum are large, clearly longer than wide and are roundly lengthened on the outside at the apex; the central keel is straight and thicker than the outer, which are curved; the apical slope is transversely striated, the striae rather stout and roundly curved. Mesopleural furrow distinct, curved, crenulated. ♀

Length 5 mm, terebra 1 mm.

Siluas. Sambas. West-Borneo (Micholitz), June.

There is a smooth, bare, shining, distinctly separated space in the centre of the face. The pubescence is dense, short and white; it is longest on the metanotum. Propleurae with oblique, clearly separated striae on the base; the apex with the striae much closer.

Coleopterologische Notizen.

Von Edm. Reitter in Paskau (Mähren).

723. *Mesothus granulatus* Reitt. W. 1909. 303 ist offenbar identisch mit *M. ferrugineus* v. *granulatus* Pic, l'Echange 1907. 185 vom Taurus. Es handelt sich hier natürlich um eine sehr distinkte Art und nicht um eine Subspezies.

724. *Ablattaria arenaria* v. *punctigera* Reitt. aus Syrien, hat mir Firma Staudinger & Bank-Haas zahlreich aus Attica vorgelegt.
